Office of the Legislative Auditor



State of Montana

Report to the Legislature

October 1989

Financial-Compliance Audit



Department of Commerce

For the Two Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 1989

This report contains recommendations for improving compliance and management controls. These recommendations address:

- > Spending in accordance with approved operating plans.
- > Preparing and distributing a county collections manual.
- Requiring licensing boards to set fees commensurate with costs.
- Complying with federal regulations governing the Section 8
 Housing and Community Development Block Grant programs.

Direct comments/inquiries to: Office of the Legislative Auditor Room 135, State Capitol Helena, Montana 59620



FINANCIAL-COMPLIANCE AUDITS

Financial-compliance audits are conducted by the Office of the Legislative Auditor to determine if an agency's financial operations are properly conducted, the financial reports are presented fairly, and the agency has complied with applicable laws and regulations which could have a significant financial impact. In performing the audit work, the audit staff uses standards set forth by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the United States General Accounting Office. Financial-compliance audit staff members hold degrees with an emphasis in accounting. Most staff members hold Certified Public Accountant (CPA) certificates.

The Single Audit Act of 1984 and OMB Circular A-128 require the auditor to issue certain financial, internal control, and compliance reports regarding the state's federal financial assistance programs, including all findings of noncompliance and questioned costs. This individual agency audit report is not intended to comply with the Single Audit Act of 1984 or OMB Circular A-128 and is therefore not intended for distribution to federal grantor agencies. The Office of the Legislative Auditor issues a statewide biennial Single Audit Report which complies with the reporting requirements listed above. The Single Audit Report for the two fiscal years ended June 30, 1987 has been issued. Copies of the Single Audit Report can be obtained by contacting:

Office of the Legislative Auditor Room 135, State Capitol Helena, MT 59620

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STATE OF MONTANA

Office of the Legislative Auditor



LEGISLATIVE AUDITOR: SCOTT A. SEACAT

LEGAL COUNSEL: JOHN W. NORTHEY

STATE CAPITOL HELENA, MONTANA 59620 406/444-3122

DEPUTY LEGISLATIVE AUDITORS:

MARY BRYSON Operations and EDP Audit

JAMES GILLETT Financial-Compliance Audit

JIM PELLEGRINI Performance Audit

November 1989

The Legislative Audit Committee of the Montana State Legislature:

This is our financial-compliance audit report on the Department of Commerce's financial activity for fiscal years 1987-88 and 1988-89. The report contains recommendations concerning compliance with state and federal laws and regulations.

The department's written response to the audit recommendations is included in the back of the audit report. We thank the director and the department staff for their cooperation and assistance throughout the audit.

Respectfully submitted

Scott A. Seacat Legislative Auditor

Department of Commerce

Financial-Compliance Audit

For the Two Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 1989

Members of the audit staff involved in this audit were Vickie Rauser, Rebecca Dorwart, Mark Barry, Maryrose Beasley, Susan Fleming, Charles Jensen, and Charles Nemec.

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Department of Commerce

Michael L. Letson, Director

Andy Poole, Deputy Director

James Kemble, Administrator
Business Regulation and Licensing Division

Patricia Saindon, Administrator Transportation Division

Michael D. Ferguson, Administrator Aeronautics Division

Fred Flanders, Administrator Financial Division

Carolyn Doering, Administrator Management Services Division

Robert Heffner, Administrator Business Assistance Division

Newell Anderson, Administrator Local Government Assistance Division

Dave Lewis, Executive Director Investment Division

Jerry Hoover, Administrator Montana Health Facilities Authority

Steve Huntington, Executive Director Montana Science and Technology Alliance

Richard Kain, Administrator Housing Division

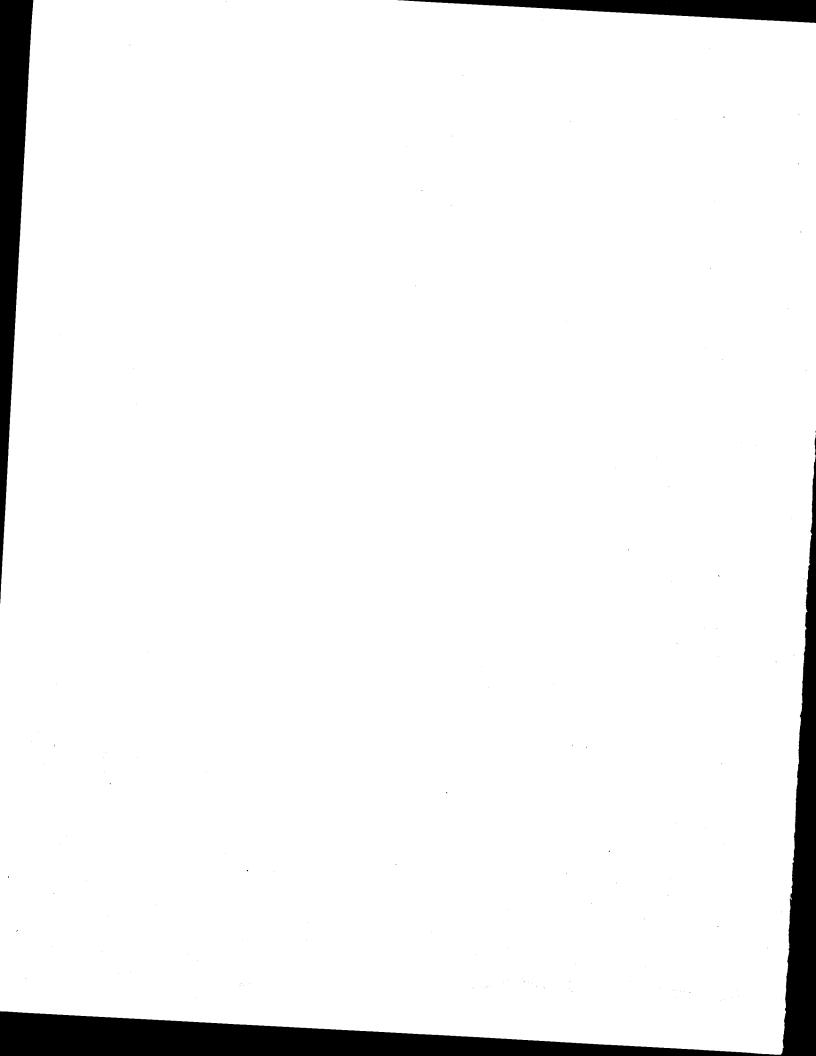
Charles Brooke, Director Montana State Lottery

Sandra Guedes, Administrator Montana Promotion Division

Appointive and Administrative Officials

Sandy Courtnage, Administrator Office of Research and Information Services

Don Wetzel, Coordinator Coordinator of Indian Affairs



Introduction

We performed a financial-compliance audit of the Department of Commerce for the two fiscal years ended June 30, 1989. The accompanying financial schedules include activity related to the Board of Housing (BOH), Board of Investments (BOI) including the Montana Office of Developmental Financing, and the Montana State Lottery, which are audited separately each fiscal year. The audit of BOI for fiscal years 1987-88 and 1988-89 was performed by our office; the BOH and Lottery audits were performed by private CPA firms under contract with our office for each of the two fiscal years.

This audit report includes six recommendations designed to improve the department's compliance with federal and state laws and regulations. We have disclosed the cost, if significant and practicable to obtain, of implementing these recommendations in accordance with section 5-13-307, MCA.

Background

The Department of Commerce (department) consists of several divisions as well as several units attached to the department for administrative purposes. At June 30, 1989, the department had 319 employees on its payroll, including part-time and temporary employees. The authorized full-time equivalent (FTE) staff positions for the 1989 biennium were approximately 344; authorized FTE for the 1991 biennium is approximately 336. Following is a description of the various divisions and offices administered by the department.

<u>Director</u> - administers the department and its divisions. Specific activities of the director's office include the Indian Affairs Coordinator, the County Printing Board and the Office of Legal and Consumer Affairs. Also included is the Horse Racing Bureau and the Office of Research and Information Services which includes the Census and Economic Information Center and the Governor's Council on Economic Development. In addition, the director is the chairman of the Montana State Banking Board.

Business Regulation and Licensing Division - consists of the Building Codes, Milk Control, Professional and Occupational Licensing, and the Weights and Measures Bureaus. The division also licenses private employment agencies and passenger tramways.

Management Services Division - performs the centralized services for the department in the areas of purchasing, accounting, budgeting, payroll, personnel, training, records management, and internal department procedures. The division also provides data processing systems design, analysis, and development for activities within the department.

Transportation Division - provides technical, legal, planning, and financial assistance to transportation users, providers and local governments. The staff also make recommendations for development of Montana's transportation system. This is accomplished through various state and federal programs of technical and financial assistance designed to assist shippers, agriculture, the rail and trucking industries, inter-city passenger carriers, urban public transportation, and other transportation providers and users. The division administers the State Rail Plan and maintains Montana's eligibility for general railroad assistance funding.

Aeronautics Division - consists of the Airport/Airways Bureau, the Safety and Education Bureau, and the Aeronautics Board. The Airport/Airways Bureau provides technical and financial assistance to communities in airport development, communications, aviation safety and airport planning; navigational aids, and communications facilities. The Safety and Education Bureau provides for statewide aerial search and rescue, enforces state law on pilot and aircraft registration, and provides for various education and training programs. The Aeronautics Board exercises quasi-judicial and quasi-legislative powers contained in state law. These pertain to certificates of public convenience and necessity for air carriers, setting rates, and other related matters.

Montana Promotion Division - promotes Montana as a vacation destination and industrial and business location site. The division produces publications, print, radio, television, and outdoor advertising, provides information services for inquiring public, and serves as a liaison with the private sector. The division also promotes Montana as a film location for motion pictures and commercials.

<u>Business Assistance Division</u> - performs services that constitute the technical assistance component of the State's Economic Development effort. Through seven programs, the division

assists in the promotion and marketing of Montana products on a local, state, regional and national basis and helps businesses market their products outside the United States through an International Trade Program including a Pacific Rim Trade Office and a showroom in Taipei. The division provides technical financial and planning assistance to new and existing Montana businesses and serves as a single contact for business licensing. The division also provides federal contracting opportunities through the contract procurement market system; conducts promotion and recruitment efforts to relocate out-of-state firms; and works closely with local development organizations; to retain, expand and recruit business. The division manages the economic development function of the Community Development Block Grant Program.

<u>Financial Division</u> - consists of State Banking Board and staff who are responsible for chartering, licensing, supervising, and examining state banks, saving and loan associations, credit unions, consumer loan licensees, sales finance companies and Montana development companies/boards.

Local Government Assistance Division - operates twelve direct service and financial assistance programs. The Community Development Bureau provides assistance to local governments, private developers, and citizens in the areas of: public works, planning and financing, land use and development regulation, capital improvement planning, local government issues and research and development. The bureau includes the Coal Board, the Hard Rock Mining Board, the Community Development Block Grant Program and the Technical Assistance Program. The division administers the Federal Section 8 Housing Program which provides decent, safe and sanitary housing to eligible low-income families and individuals. The division also administers the Local Government Audit Program which performs financial and compliance audits of Montana counties, cities, towns, school districts and special taxing districts; and the Local Government Systems Program which exists to develop, implement, and maintain uniform budgetary, accounting and reporting systems for cities, towns, counties, school districts, and single purpose districts. The District Court Reimbursement Program is the responsibility of this division.

Montana State Lottery - is responsible for the promotion, regulation and enforcement of the Montana State Lottery. The

Lottery commission is responsible for adopting administrative rules relating to the lottery. The Lottery is attached to the department for administrative purposes.

Housing Division - The Board of Housing is established to provide decent, safe, sanitary housing in the state within the financial capabilities of lower income persons and families. Public moneys are made available through the issuance of revenue bonds to assist private enterprise and governmental agencies in meeting critical housing needs.

Montana Health Facilities Authority - issues revenue bonds and notes to finance capital projects for public and private nonprofit health facilities at borrowing rates below those otherwise available.

Montana Science and Technology Alliance - created to stimulate economic development in the state by providing financial support in the form of investments to organizations and companies seeking to develop technology-based businesses.

Investment Division - has sole authority to invest funds in accordance with the Montana Constitution and statutory requirements. The Board of Investments administers the Coal Tax Loan Program, the Montana Capital Companies Program, the Industrial Development Revenue Bond Program, and the Municipal Finance Program. The board manages programs which make loans, provide for the issuance or backing of bonds and issue tax credits to encourage development in Montana.

Prior Audit Recommendations

Prior Audit Recommendations

We performed the audit of the department for the two fiscal years ended June 30, 1987. The prior audit report contained 12 recommendations still applicable to the department. Of those recommendations, the department implemented eight and partially implemented four. Recommendations not fully implemented deal with the department's control system over compliance issues, the lottery, and federal financial assistance programs. The control system over compliance is discussed on page 6. The federal compliance issues not fully implemented are discussed on pages 12 through 14. The recommendation concerning the lottery has been discussed with department management and we make no further recommendations related to it in this report.

Findings and Recommendations

State Compliance

Control System

The department is currently in the process of implementing a system of controls to ensure compliance with state laws and regulations. We recommended the department implement such a system in the previous audit report issued in June 1988. That report contained a list of 13 compliance issues which, collectively, identified a need for procedures to monitor both compliance and the need for necessary amendments or revisions to state laws and regulations.

The department began implementation in March 1989 by requesting the division administrators to: 1) review a list of laws and regulations applicable to their programs, and 2) summarize issues which may indicate a need for a change in laws or regulations. The department plans to implement a more permanent and well-defined system of review when resources are identified for this purpose.

We tested compliance with laws and regulations of several divisions and licensing boards during this audit. We identified eight instances of noncompliance involving the Building Codes Division, the Board of Outfitters (2), the Board of Athletics (2), the Board of Private Security Patrolmen and Investigators, the Board of Electricians, and the Board of Architects. Two of these instances, the Building Codes Division item and one from the Board of Private Security Patrolmen and Investigators, were reported in the previous audit report.

Because the department is in the process of implementing the prior audit recommendation, this section is for disclosure purposes and we make no further recommendation. We will continue monitoring the implementation.

House Bill 2, Laws of 1987

According to House Bill 2, Laws of 1987, "Expenditures by a state agency must be made in substantial compliance with an operating budget approved by an approving authority." For executive branch agencies, the Office of Budget and Program Planning is the approving authority. House Bill 2 goes on to define substantial compliance as no expenditure category in an

approved budget may be overspent by more than 5 percent. House Bill 2 also states each operating budget must include expenditures for each program detailed at least by the categories of personal services, operating expenses, equipment, benefits and claims, grants, transfers, and local assistance. The state agency is to record this operating budget or plan and any approved changes on the Statewide Budget and Accounting System (SBAS).

We reviewed the operating plan for each department program on SBAS at fiscal year-end 1988-89 and compared these to actual current year expenditures. We found 10 programs where the department overspent individual categories, as discussed above, by more than 5 percent. The department did not overspend any of its programs in total.

According to Management Services Division personnel, program managers are responsible for monitoring their spending in accordance with the operating plan on SBAS. If a program manager anticipates spending outside the approved operating plan, he is to inform Management Services Division personnel so they may submit an operating plan amendment. However, many program managers incur the expenditures and fail to identify the need for an operating plan amendment. Management Services Division personnel review SBAS during the fiscal year-end period and prepare the necessary operating plan amendments to ensure expenditures fall within the "substantial compliance" limitations. According to department management the review is complicated by the fact the operating plans on SBAS include appropriations in addition to those in House Bill 2. Current practice is to apply the operating plan spending provisions only to House Bill 20 appropriations. This in turn complicates ensuring compliance with the House Bill language and some plans go uncorrected. The fiscal year-end operating plan amendments prepared to ensure compliance with House Bill 2 are, in the department's experience, consistently approved by the Office of Budget and Program Planning but are not recorded on SBAS.

Recommendation #1

We recommend the department:

- A. Establish policies and procedures to ensure program managers spend in accordance with their operating plans as recorded on SBAS.
- B. Record all operating plan amendments on SBAS.

County Collections Manual

We performed a review of the collection process for revenues collected by the counties on behalf of the state. Our examination included collections made from April 1, 1984 through March 31, 1985. We issued our report in January 1986 and recommended the legislature assign responsibility for the county collection process to a designated state agency. We also recommended this agency create a comprehensive manual of procedures for the collection of state revenues. The Legislative Audit Committee then sponsored the legislation enacting section 7-6-2141, MCA, which requires the Department of Commerce to prepare and distribute a county collections manual to county treasurers explaining the procedures and forms used in collecting revenue for the state. The law requires the affected state agencies to notify the department of the procedures and forms to be included in the manual.

During our audit work, we inquired about the preparation of the county collections manual. Department personnel stated, the department has not prepared a county collections manual because it has not received the appropriation authority to prepare it despite repeated requests. As a result, there is still no comprehensive manual of procedures for the collection of revenue by counties on behalf of the state.

Department personnel believe they have complied to the extent possible with the spirit of the law through the counties' use of the Montana Budget, Accounting and Reporting System (BARS). BARS has been in use for approximately 12 years. This accounting system prescribes and defines both the accounting

codes and the statutory references for all funds collected by local governments. Additionally, department personnel conduct annual workshops for the fiscal officers at local governments.

We do not believe BARS meets the intent of the law as it is an accounting system and not a procedures manual. The department should use the annual workshops as a supplement to, not a replacement for, the mandated manual.

Department personnel have estimated the cost to prepare and maintain this manual. The first year's cost estimate is \$52,900 and includes 1.25 FTE. The second year's cost estimate is \$44,000 which includes 1 FTE. Costs for subsequent fiscal years approximate \$37,350 and include .75 FTE. These are the current estimates, developed November 1989.

Recommendation #2

We recommend the Department of Commerce comply with state law by preparing and distributing a county collections manual.

Fees Commensurate with Costs

According to section 37-1-134, MCA, professional and occupational licensing boards are to set their fees reasonably commensurate with the costs of their programs. If professional and occupational licensing fees are commensurate with costs, the boards' fund balances should not fluctuate a great deal. According to professional and occupational licensing personnel, the boards like to maintain a fund balance at approximately the same level as one year's expenditures. We reviewed the revenues, expenditures and fund balances of all the professional and occupational licensing boards for fiscal years 1987-88 and 1988-89.

Our review identified 25 boards in fiscal year 1987-88 and 20 boards in fiscal year 1988-89 whose revenues exceeded expenditures causing an increase in the boards' fund balances. We also found 21 boards in fiscal year 1987-88 and 24 boards in fiscal

year 1988-89 whose fund balances exceeded their current year's expenditures. The following schedule identifies these boards, their fund balances, the difference between revenues and expenditures for the two fiscal years under audit, and the ratio of fund balances to fiscal year 1988-89 expenditures.

Table 1

	Amount by Revenues Expend	Exceed itures	Fund B	30	Ratio of Fund Balance to Fiscal Ye 1988-89
Board	FY 1988	FY 1989	<u>1988</u>	1989	Expenditures
Board of Outfitters	\$57,354	\$75,759	\$57,354	133,113	1.49
Board of Speech Pathologists	1,423	1,463	13,371	14,833	2.11
Board of Radiologic Technicians	8,032	15,628	43,924	59,551	3.76
Physical Therapists	7,690	7,485	54,407	61,892	4.29
Board of Nursing Home	.,	.,		.,	
Administrators	7,231	7,247	25,906	33,153	2.78
Board of Public Accountants	(7,510)	1,016	209,336	210,352	1.40
Board of Sanitarians	3,365	370	22,680	23,050	3,17
State Electrical Board	1,084	(9,257)	138,471	129,215	1.92
Board of Architects	10,049	(8,559)	76,370	67,811	1.87
Board of Morticians	2,937	1,480	29,848	34,264	1.55
Board of Professional Engineers	•	•	•	•	
and Land Surveyors	56,930	(29,998)	161,645	131,647	1.53
Board of Cosmetology	73,693	63,863	397,460	461,323	3.79
Board of Private Security	•	•	•	•	
Patrolmen & Investigators	19,938	8,310	40,110	48,419	2.60
Board of Dentists	39,387	26,814	118,334	145,148	2.61
Board of Optometrists	5,843	6,394	47,347	53,742	2.38
Board of Nursing	98,484	102,313	220,164	322,478	1.91
Board of Veterinarians	1,496	645	29,070	29,716	1.24
Board of Barbers	(3,444)	(6,614)	38,288	31,674	1.05
Board of Social Workers	44,510	40,624	42,372	82,997	4.53
Board of Athletics	7,930	5,729	11,259	16,988	4.30
Board of Polygraph Licensing	1,500	552	3,291	3,843	2.78
Board of Psychologists	371	5,830	15,072	20,902	1.60
Board of Hearing Aid Dispensers	478	4,281	8,632	12,913	1.29
Board of Medical Examiners	59,219	80,008	154,923	234,931	1.17

The boards listed above should review their fee structures and, where necessary; decrease their licensing fees to be commensurate with costs in accordance with state law. Professional and occupational licensing personnel periodically review the boards' fund balances and make recommendations to

the boards to change their fees. Some boards, according to department personnel, are more responsive than others. Department personnel have indicated they will continue to work with the boards to achieve compliance with this state law.

Recommendation #3

We recommend the department require the licensing boards to comply with state law and set fees commensurate with costs.

Federal Compliance

We tested compliance with federal laws for federal assistance programs administered by the department. We designed our procedures to satisfy the requirements of the Single Audit Act of 1984 and Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-128 as applied to the state of Montana's reporting entity. We specifically tested compliance and expenditure allowability for grants funded by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) for the Section 8 Housing Program and the Community Development Block Grant. We also tested the reasonableness of the Statements of Federal Land Payments for the fiscal years ended September 30, 1987 and 1988, which are submitted to the Bureau of Land Management, U.S. Department of the Interior under the Payment in Lieu of Taxes Act. The following two sections discuss our concerns related to federal financial assistance programs. Each section indicates the Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) number by which the federal government identifies the program.

Federal Section 8 Housing

Rental Unit Inspections - Federal regulations require that 5 percent of the annual inspections of Section 8 Housing (CFDA #14.156) rental units be reinspected for quality control purposes. The reinspection is designed to provide assurance the inspectors follow inspection guidelines. Section 8 personnel did not complete the required reinspection for fiscal years 1987-88 and 1988-89. Section 8 personnel stated they had formally requested and received a waiver of this requirement due to lack of

resources and computer system implementation problems. However, personnel could not produce documentation of the waiver and HUD officials stated they had no record of the request for a waiver.

Department personnel have indicated they began the reinspection process in August 1989 with completion set for November 1989. The department should establish priorities to ensure the reinspections are completed each year in accordance with federal regulations. This issue did not cause us to question the allowability of costs for federal reimbursement.

Recommendation #4

We recommend the department comply with the Section 8 reinspection regulations.

Accounts Receivable - In our prior audit report we recommended the department record accounts receivable for overpayments of Section 8 Housing Assistance (CFDA #14.156). At fiscal year-end 1988-89, Section 8 requested Management Services Division to record \$19,654 of accounts receivable on the accounting records. We reviewed the support for this transaction and determined Section 8 should have requested recording receivables totalling \$58,172 with an allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$11,255. The end result is that net receivables at June 30, 1989, are understated by \$27,263. The Montana Operations Manual Section 2-1100.120 requires all bona fide receivables be recorded on the accounting records.

Section 8 personnel informed us the receivables can occur in three ways:

 Section 8 personnel send a housing assistance payment to a landlord in error. This occurs when a tenant vacates the rental unit and does not notify Section 8 in time to stop the next assistance payment. Section 8 notifies the landlords and requests them to return the overpayments.

- 2. Section 8 may overpay landlords because the tenant provided incorrect financial information; e.g. the tenant may claim a lower income than is actually the case. Tenants are liable for this type of overpayment. Section 8 personnel attempt to notify the tenants and seek reimbursement for these overpayments.
- Federal Housing regulations allow Section 8 to cover damages incurred to a rental unit by a tenant.
 Regulations also allow the Section 8 to seek reimbursement for these damage expenses from the tenants.

Section 8 has a computer system which could be more actively used to track the receivables described above. Personnel were unable to identify what amount of the \$58,172 receivable related to overpayments and what amount related to damage expenses.

Section 8 personnel indicated they were unfamiliar with the receivables portion of the computer system as the former administrator had not provided the necessary training. The present administrator informed us the clerical personnel would receive the training necessary to monitor and account for the receivables discussed above.

Recommendation #5

We recommend the department:

- A. Record all accounts receivable for Section 8 Housing Assistance overpayments and damage expenses.
- B. Provide training on the housing assistance computer system to Section 8 personnel.

CDBG Performance and Evaluation Report

The department prepared a Performance and Evaluation Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1988 on the fiscal year 1986-87 Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) award (CFDA #14.228). We reviewed this report as it was the most recent one compiled by the department at the time of our

Findings and Recommendations

fieldwork. The report contains general CDBG information as well as more detailed information for the 17 projects in process. We verified financial information for the grant as a whole and for 5 of the individual projects.

We noted the department included an August 1, 1988 cash drawdown in the report. As the report was dated June 30, 1988, this drawdown should not be included. Inclusion resulted in the total fiscal year 1987-88 drawdowns reported being overstated by \$192,750. CDBG personnel indicated this error was caused by an oversight during their review. This error did not cause us to question the allowability of any costs for federal reimbursement.

Recommendation #6

We recommend the department ensure correct and consistent information is included in the CDBG Performance and Evaluation Report.

Financial Activity

The audit reports issued for the two fiscal years ended June 30, 1985 and June 30, 1987 contained recommendations related to properly recording all financial activity on the department's accounting records in accordance with state law. As of June 30, 1988, the department had not recorded the June 1988 activity for the Board of Housing (BOH). The omission resulted in the following misstatements on the accounting records as of June 30, 1988. These misstatements did not affect the unqualified opinion on the department's financial schedules for the two fiscal years under audit.

Table 2

Board of Housing Misstatements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1988.

Category	Over(Under)Stated
Assets	\$(3,451,795)
Liabilities	(2,606,213)
Revenues	(2,955,147)
Expenditures	1,092,304
Fund Balance, July 1, 1987	3,201,869
Fund Balance, June 30, 1988	(845,582)

Compiled by the Office of the Legislative Auditor from Department of Commerce records.

We brought this matter to the attention of department personnel who stated they would estimate June 1989 activity for recording purposes. The estimates are necessary because BOH personnel cannot obtain actual June financial activity from the various sources in time to allow Management Services Division personnel to record complete fiscal year activity on the department's accounting records. We reviewed the procedures used to establish these estimates and determined the department took appropriate steps in estimating the June 1989 BOH activity. Therefore, we make no further recommendations to the department on this issue.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT AND AGENCY FINANCIAL SCHEDULES

Summary of Audit Opinion

Summary of Audit Opinion

The auditor's opinion issued on the financial schedules contained in this report is intended to convey to the reader the degree of reliance which he can place on the amounts presented. The reader may rely on the fairness of the amounts on the schedules presented on pages 18 through 29 when analyzing the financial activity of the Department of Commerce.

STATE OF MONTANA



Office of the Legislative Auditor

STATE CAPITOL HELENA, MONTANA 59620 406/444-3122

DEPUTY LEGISLATIVE AUDITORS:

MARY BRYSON
Operations and EDP Audit
JAMES GILLETT
Financial-Compliance Audit
JIM PELLEGRINI
Performance Audit

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Legislative Audit Committee of the Montana State Legislature:

We have audited the financial schedules of the Department of Commerce for each of the two years ending June 30, 1988 and 1989, as shown on pages 18 through 29. These financial schedules are the responsibility of department's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial schedules based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial schedules are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial schedules. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial schedule presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in Note 1 to the financial schedules, the department's financial schedules are prepared in accordance with state accounting policy. Accordingly, the accompanying financial schedules are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

In our opinion, the financial schedules referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the results of operations and changes in fund balances of the Department of Commerce for the two years ending June 30, 1988 and 1989, in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Respectfully submitted,

James Gillett, CPA

Deputy Legislative Auditor

August 25, 1989

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE TWO FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1989

		TOR THE TH	O TEONE TEAM	CHOLD TONE SO!	1707		
	General Fund	Special Revenue <u>Funds</u>	Debt Service <u>Funds</u>	Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds	Expendable Trust Funds	Nonexpendabl Trust
ND BALANCE: July 1, 1987	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>6,136,212</u>	\$ <u>778,780</u>	\$ <u>45,254,056</u>	\$ <u>422,784</u>	\$ <u>3,523,574</u>	\$ <u>88,776,665</u>
DITIONS							
scal Year 1987-88: udgeted Revenue & Transfers In onbudgeted Revenue & Transfers In rior Year Revenue Adjustments ash Transfers In	>8,764,504 >711 8,253	>28,438,253 >5,744	10,119,589	22,965,895 356,397,059 349,611		≈324,037	₹8,355,373 }8,658,518
rior Year Transfers In Adjustments rior Year Expenditure Adjustments		6,940,690 (26,687) 1,243,030		_ //	52,684		26,687
rirect Entries To Fund Balance		45,851		3,662,385			٠
iscal Year 1988-89: Judgeted Revenue & Transfers In John Honbudgeted Revenue & Transfers In Prior Year Revenue Adjustments Prior Year Revenue	×11,716,732 × 8,124 143,377	≥32,034,268 ≥39,328		×13,815,430 >59,176,858	₹4,233,543 ⊁100 4,115	₹210,146	₹5,778,448 ₹8,157,480 20,477
)irect Entries To Fund Balance Cash Transfers In Prior Year Expenditure Adjustments Prior Year Transfers In Adjustments		6,479,561 177,797	7,184,221	936,844	3,753	(600)	
Total Additions	20,641,701	75,377,835	17,303,810	157,304,082	8.345.006	534,183	30,996,983
EDUCTIONS	•				. •		
iscal Year 1987-88: Budgeted Expenditures & Transfers Out Prior Year Expenditure Adjustments Support To State Of Montana Prior Year Expenditures	× 4,707,967 208 4,065,293	₹35,571,752 (15,982)		~24,286,673 234,458 (80,403)	<i>x</i> 3,903,455	₹362,154	√3,344,321
Prior Year Revenue Adjustments Nonbudgeted Expenditures & Transfers Out Nonbudgeted Prior Year Expenditure		100,125	48,619,219	∠48,067,486	78,479	17	2,689,581 ×5,081,735
Adjustment Cash Transfers Out Direct Entries To Fund Balance				5,532,749	98,332 29,823 78,574		943,392 10,396,813
scal Year 1988-89: Rudgeted Expenditures & Transfers Out Prior Year Expenditure Adjustments Rupport To State Of Montana Prior Year Expenditures	*4,790,425 3,366 6,968,745	+37,631,812 (202)		13,549,587 20,495	4,021,995 9,503 293	¥152,144	4,393, 515
'rior Year Revenue Adjustments Firect Entries To Fund Balance Honbudgeted Expenditures & Transfers Out	105,697	36,887 73,055	<i>X</i> 7,896,554	41,031 / 52,739,324	×(20,355)	703,721	24,881,750 +1,390,310
lonbudgeted Prior Year Expenditure Adjustment Cash Transfers Out	•			55,058	(8,355) 30,152		3
Prior Year Revenue Prior Year Transfers Out Adjustments Combudgeted Prior Year Transfer Out						•	600 (600
Adjustments							<u>(464,695</u>
otal Reductions	20,641,701	73.397.447	<u>16.515.773</u>	144,446,458	<u>8,221,896</u>	1.218.019	<u>52.656.725</u>
IND BALANCE: June 30, 1989	\$	\$ <u>8,116,600</u>	\$ <u>1,566,817</u>	\$ 58,111,680	\$ <u>545,894</u>	\$2,839,738	\$ <u>67,116,923</u>

is schedule is prepared from the Statewide Budgeting and Accounting System. Additional information is provided in the notes to the finicial schedules on pages 23 through 29.

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SCHEDULE OF BUDGETED REVENUE & TRANSFERS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNI

·	Licenses and Permits	Taxes	Charges For Services	Investment Earnings	Sale of Documents & Merchandise	Income Collections & Transfers	Fines & Forfeits
GENERAL FUND							
Estimated Revenue	\$2,875,700	\$3,475,000	\$ 25,152	\$ 231,206	\$ 1,500	\$3,956,400	
Actual Revenue	2,911,519	4,249,364	25,126	202,970	280	4,327,473	
Collections Over							
(Under) Estimate	\$ 35,819	\$ _774,364	\$ <u>(26</u>)	\$ <u>(28,236</u>)	\$(1,220)	\$ <u>371.073</u>	
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND							
Estimated Revenue	\$3,447,202	\$7,188,186	\$2,232,200	\$ 274,509	\$ 40,600	\$1,159,249	\$24,000
Actual Revenue	3,043,063	8.757,163	1,965,764	312.936	27,642	1,157,406	34,650
Collections Over							
(Under) Estimate	\$ <u>(404,139</u>)	\$ <u>1.568,977</u>	\$ <u>(266,436</u>)	\$ <u>38,427</u>	\$ (12,958)	\$(1,843)	\$ <u>10,650</u>
ENTERPRISE FUNDS							
Estimated Revenue	\$ 5,000		\$1,858,987		\$17,000,000	\$ 5,000	
Actual Revenue	3,600		2,067,841		11,644,061	8,931	
Collections Over							
(Under) Estimate	\$ <u>(1,400</u>)		\$ 208,854		\$ <u>(5,355,939</u>)	\$ 3.931	
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS							
Estimated Revenue	\$ 2,000		\$3,339,792		\$ 3,600	\$ 129,768	
Actual Revenue	2,225		3,403,400		2,870	129,754	
Collections Over							
(Under) Estimate	\$ 225		\$ 63,608		\$ <u>(730</u>)	\$ <u>(14</u>)	
EXPENDABLE TRUST FUNDS							
Estimated Revenue				\$ 194,341		\$ 16,000	
Actual Revenue				190,011		20, 135	
Collections Over							
(Under) Estimate				\$ <u>(4,330</u>)		\$ <u>4,135</u>	• •
NONEXPENDABLE TRUST FUNDS							
Estimated Revenue			\$ 22,980	\$5,960,466		\$ 51,840	
Actual Revenue			35,661	5,696,880	•	45,907	
Collections Over							
(Under) Estimate			\$ <u>12,681</u>	\$ <u>(263,586</u>)		\$ <u>(5,933</u>)	

This schedule is prepared from the Statewide Budgeting and Accounting System. Additional information is provided in the

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- ESTIMATE 30, 1989 Rentals, Leases & Royalties M	iscellaneous	Grants, Contracts, Donations	<u>Federal</u>	Federal Indirect Cost Recoveries	Total
					\$ 10,564,958 11,716,732
	:				\$ <u>1,151,774</u>
\$ 2,000 1,440	\$22,000 29,690	\$ 455,000 315,908	\$ 34,207,438 16,388,606	·.	\$ 49,052,384 32,034,268
\$ <u>(560</u>)	\$ <u>7,690</u>	\$ <u>(139,092</u>)	\$(17,818,832)		\$ <u>(17,018,116</u>)
\$36,000 63,431	\$ 3,500 <u>27,566</u>				\$ 18,908,487 13,815,430 \$ (5,093,057
\$27,431	\$ <u>24,066</u>				\$ (5,093,021
				\$684,887 <u>695,294</u>	
				s_10,407	\$ 73,499
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		\$ 210,34 210,14
					s(19
				4	\$ 6,035,20 5,778.4
	;		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		\$ (256,8

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e notes to the financial schedules on pages 23 through 29.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE SCHEDULE OF BUDGETED REVENUE & TRANSFERS IN - EST FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 19

GENERAL FUND	Licenses and <u>Permits</u>	<u>Taxes</u>	Charges for Services	Investment Earnings	Sale of Documents & Merchandise	Income Collections & Transfers	Re Fines & Le Forfeits Ro	
Estimated Revenue Actual Revenue Collections Over	\$3,0 7 5,714 <u>2,691,994</u>	\$3,009,699 2,561,169	\$ 25,000 20,765	\$ 46,186 253,684	\$ 1,750 <u>841</u>	\$ 3,447,169 3,236,051		
(Under) Estimate	\$ (383,720)	\$ <u>(448,530</u>)	\$ (4,235)	\$ 207,498	\$(909)	\$ <u>(211,118</u>)		
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND								
Estimated Revenue	\$2,865,087	\$6,293,529	\$2,173,134	\$ 212,213	\$ 19,600	\$ 2,126,000	\$ 6,000 \$	
Actual Revenue Collections Over	<u>3.839.716</u>	<u>5,416,003</u>	1,937,688	242,152	30,952	992.746	4.378	
(Under) Estimate	\$ <u>974,629</u>	\$ <u>(877,526)</u>	\$ <u>(235,446</u>)	\$ 29,939	\$ <u>11,352</u>	\$ <u>(1,133,254</u>)	\$ <u>(1,622</u>) \$	
ENTERPRISE FUNDS			•					
Estimated Revenue	\$ 60,000		\$1,287,770		\$25,000,000	\$ 3,000	•	
Actual Revenue Collections Over	<u>5,900</u>		<u>1.844.922</u>		21,056,564	4,490		
(Under) Estimate	\$ <u>(54,100</u>)		\$_557,152		\$ <u>(3,943,436</u>)	\$ <u>1,490</u>		
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS								
Estimated Revenue	\$ 4,000		\$3,451,986		\$ 3,000	\$ 129,768		
Actual Revenue Collections Over	2,600		<u>3.191.441</u>	•	2,526	<u>129.768</u>		
(Under) Estimate	\$ <u>(1,400</u>)		\$ <u>(260,545</u>)		\$(474)	0		
EXPENDABLE TRUST FUNDS								
Estimated Revenue				\$ 212,244		\$ 110,698		
Actual Revenue Collections Over				217.514		<u>106,523</u>	•	
(Under) Estimate				\$5,270		\$ <u>(4,175)</u>		
NONEXPENDABLE TRUST FUNDS					•			
Estimated Revenue			\$ 63,900	\$10,671,565	••	\$ 43,899		
Actual Revenue Collections Over			<u>38, 171</u>	<u>8,273,678</u>		43,524		
(Under) Estimate			\$ (25,729)	\$(2,397,887)		\$ <u>(375</u>)		

This schedule is prepared from the Statewide Budgeting and Accounting System. Additional information is provided in the notes

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ESTIMATE & ACTUAL

Rentals, Leases & Royalties	Miscellaneous	Grants, Contracts, Donations	<u>Federal</u>	Federal Indirect Cost <u>Recoveries</u>	Total \$ 9,605,518 8,764,504
					\$ (841,014)
\$ 2,000 1,582) \$ (418)	\$ 35,500 25,295 \$(10,205)	245,785	\$ 27,238,75 15,701,95 \$(11,536,75	<u>o</u> /	\$ 41,346,816 28,438,253 \$(12,908,563)
\$32,400 43,709	\$ 4,200 10,310				\$ 26,387,370 22,965,895 \$ (3,421,475)
\$ <u>11,309</u>	\$_6.110			\$624,274 683,699	\$ 4,213,028
			•	\$ 59,425	\$ (202,994)
•					\$ 322,942 324,037 \$ 1,095
. Labeling dissertation	. 4.				
e constanting for the Miller	d .	,			\$ 10,779,364 8,355,373
					\$ <u>(2,423,991</u>)

tes to the financial schedules on pages 23 through 29.

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE SCHEDULE OF BUDGETED PROGRAM EXPENDITURES AND TRANSFERS OUT BY OBJECT AND FUND BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1989

				,			•						
	Business Licensing/ Regulation	Weight & Measures Bureau	Financial Division	Milk Control Bureau	POL Bureau	Aeronautica Division	Transportation Division	Business Assistance Division	Montana Promotion Division	Housing Assistance Bureau	Community Development Sureau	Office of Research & Information Services	
RSOMAL SERVICES Salaries Other Compensation Employee Benefits Total	\$ 44,539 550 7,997 53,086	\$ 247,343 60,199 307,542	\$ 450,767 1,790 92,725 545,282	\$ 132,006 5,050 28,713 165,769	\$ 593,646 67,950 126,203 787,799	\$ 248,388 1,950 58,233 308,571	\$ 416,007 <u>82,548</u> 498,555	\$ 406,163 675 83,514 490,352	\$ 338,622 69,715 408,337	\$ 152,951 32,522 185,473	\$ 308,206 5,850 61,261 375,317	\$ 138,025 425 28,506 166,956	ŧ
PERATING EXPENSES Contracted Services Supplies & Materials Communications Travel Rent Utilities Repair & Maintenance Other Expenses	15,541 56 1,040 1,990 1,213 76 4,635	10,948 15,921 7,887 32,105 9,709 1,392 15,296 31,102	13,789 8,813 7,126 101,691 9,452 4,130 52,378	10,178 4,126 9,537 25,761 9,000 1,721 31,582	281,818 19,735 92,566 152,336 47,411 27,546 813,710	133,938 27,375 21,704 18,718 12,915 20,194 22,504 45,550	123,857 7,632 12,372 39,344 12,452 2,919 49,199	514,202 40,408 77,547 108,169 94,104 7,399 72,780	648,628 20,113 1,712,669 94,207 25,689 9,142 89,886	65,419 3,149 17,789 6,817 11,397 1,645 17,194 33,976	34,158 6,864 17,411 27,660 14,319 7,317	23,868 8,000 9,968 6,340 11,551 3,369 19,382	
Goods Purchased For Resale Total QUIPMENT AND INTANGIBLE ASSI Equipment	24,551	124,360	197,379	91,905 6,845	1,435,122	9,081 311,979 45,004	247,775	915,449 41,563	2.600.334 5,701	157,386 385	210,573	82_478 288	
Intangible Assets Total		9,168	11,930	6,845	4,977	45,004		41,563	5,701	365	1,500 1,500	288	
OCAL ASSISTANCE From State Sources Total						243,933 243,933			855,755 855,755				
RANTS From State Sources From Federal Sources From Other Sources Total						10,000	71,250 2,007,735 254,543 2,333,528	3,000		9,592,996	389,547 4,895,160 5,284,707		
EMEFITS & CLAIMS To Individuals Total					19,045 19,045								
LAMSFERS Accounting Entity Transfers Mandatory Transfers Total	3					8,931 8,931	20,135						
:BT \$ERVICE Leases Installment Purchases Total													
TAL PROGRAM EXPENDITURES	\$ <u>77,637</u>	\$ 441,070	\$ 754,591	\$ 264,519	\$ 2,246,943	s <u>928,418</u>	\$ 3,099,993	s_1,450,364	s_3,870,127	s <u>9,936,240</u>	s_5.872.097	249,722	\$
:NERAL FUND Budgeted Actual Unspent Budget Authority		\$ 442,178 441,070 \$ 1,108					\$ 493,444 490,131 \$ 3,313	629,719 615,486 14,233			\$ 207,995 202,478 \$ 5,517	\$ 237,410 234,918 \$ 2,492	1
PECIAL REVENUE FUND Budgeted Actual Unspent Budget Authority	\$ 93,059 18,059 \$ 75,000		\$ 785,373 	\$ 279,598 264,519 \$ 15,079	\$ 1,887,579 1,542,982 \$ 344,597	\$ 1,052,909 <u>869,547</u> \$ 183,362	\$ 4,060,687 2,437,583 \$ 1,623,104	\$ 1,177,859 <u>834,878</u> \$ 342,981	\$ 4,957,834 3,870,127 \$ 1,087,707	\$ 12,693,392 9,936,240 \$ 2,757,152	\$ 17,637,821 	\$ 40,000 14,804 \$ 25,196	
TERPRISE FUNDS Budgeted Actual Unspent Budget Authority		į				\$ 62,083 58,871 \$ 3,212							
NTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS Budgeted Actual Unspent Budget Authority	\$ 59,937 59,578 \$ 359				\$ 706,154 								1
KPENDABLE TRUST FUNDS Budgeted Actual Unspent Budget Authority							\$ 1,590,448 						
DHEXPENDABLE TRUST FUNDS Budgeted Actual Unspent Budget Authority							\$ 151,303 20,135 \$ 131,168						

his schedule is prepared from the Statewide Budgeting and Accounting System. Additional information is provided in the notes to the financial schedules on pages 23 through 29.

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Local vernment rvices - Audit 582,840	Services - Systems \$ 130,666	Local Govt Assistance Admin 74,907	Codes Bureau \$ 643,387 6,125	•	Health Facilities Authority \$ 60,164	1,850	Board of Housing \$ 258,908 7,200	Investments <u>Division</u> \$ 721,522	1,325	1,700	5,000	Director/ Management Services 555,282	Total \$ 7,681,708 118,040
120,122 702,962 14,813 9,926 18,113 90,657 21,291 2,387 6,671 72,770	26,283 156,949 53,591 3,383 7,749 29,708 6,870 1,111 2,560 37,478	99 33 1,168 171 7,015	26,122 24,986 32,247 57,710 14,185 18,122 146,263	10,768 64,803 1,540 323 5,632 2,230 5,516 2,108 6,424	12,431 74,095 12,964 1,175 6,902 7,596 3,256 2,212 11,663	20,306 125,360 51,134 3,558 11,857 13,836 15,270 1,761 30,429	54,979 321,087 1,356,827 4,822 25,854 12,970 30,403 60,000 36,278	138,196 868,818 113,364 18,029 39,111 21,249 63,222 17,030 83,087	269,987 12,924 18,224 12,089 22,279 7,527 20,854	910,257 58,611 396,728 35,873 81,895 11,782 75,634 5,384,332	20,669 103,579 20,609 10,004 6,264 28,139 3,370 1,237 9,917	106,924 662,206 62,987 10,043 16,405 12,572 20,045 12,134 11,184	1,598,532 9,398,280 4,770,638 320,009 2,573,870 939,938 546,814 38,511 325,609 7,204,718
236,628 4,662 4,662	3,711 3,711	8,486	1,738 321,373 151,992	23,773	45,768 575 575	1,135 1,135	1,527,154 1,400	355,092 43,390 59,599 102,989	9,908 1,687 11,595 8,500,384	7,554,733 1,600	79,540	145,370 32,308 32,308	611,280 17,331,387 376,542 62,786 439,328
	2,621,627					404,240		722	8,500,384				3,499,664 16,495,891 254,543 20,250,098
43,546 43,546	86,208 86,208							4,373,380		2.774,692 2.774,692 249			19,045 4,532,200 2,774,692 7,306,892
987,798 43,546 43,546 -0-	\$ 3,010,945 \$ 2,557,680 2,557,658 \$ 22	\$_97,284	\$ 1,275,966 \$ 27,438 27,300 \$ 138		\$120,438	\$658,580	2,155 2,155 3_1,851,796	1,755 1,755 \$_5,702,756 \$_497,395 722 \$_496,673	\$_9,105,935	189,495 189,744 \$ 11,424,680	\$ <u>183,119</u> \$		193,405 193,654 \$ 64,539,478 \$ 5,315,403 4,790,425 \$ 524,978
	\$ 311,000 222,563 \$ 88,437		\$ 1,312,662 1,248,666 \$63,996		\$ 122,383 120,438 \$ 1,945	\$ 7,316,700 658,580 \$ 6,658,120 \$ 105,060 -0- \$ 105,060	\$ 2,022,142 1.851,796 \$ 170,346	\$ 106,627 93,802 \$ 12,825	\$ 9,805,213 	\$ 25,100,001 11,424,680 \$ 13,675,321	\$233,346 183,119 \$_50,227		\$ 63,645,032 _37,631,812 \$ 26,013,220 \$ 27,518,296 _13,549,587 \$ 13,968,709
,018,780 944,252 74,528	\$ 253,065 230,724 \$ 22,341	\$ 98,233 97,284 \$ 949				103,000		\$ 1,270,235 1,234,852 \$ 35,383 \$ 56,000		<u> </u>	1	806,906 751,344 8 55,562	\$ 4,213,310 4,021,995 \$ 191,315 \$ 1,646,448 152,144
								\$ 4,600,000 4,373,380 \$ 226,620		,	-	,	\$ 1,494,304 \$ 4,751,303 4,393,515 \$ 357,788

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE SCHEDULE OF BUDGETED PROGRAM EXPENDITURES AND TRANSFERS OUT BY OBJECT AND FUND BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1988

	Business	Weight &		Milk				Business	Hontana	Housing	Community
	Licensing/ Regulation	Heasures Bureau	Financial <u>Division</u>	Control <u>Bureau</u>	POL <u>Bureau</u>	Aeronautica Division	TransportationDivision	Assistance Division	Promotion <u>Division</u>	Assistance <u>Bureau</u>	Development Sureau
PERSONAL SERVICES Salaries	\$44,332	\$231,134	\$442,642	\$135,077	\$ 590,498	\$ 247,176	\$ 419,217	\$ 317,064	\$ 292,120	\$ 148,080	\$ 319,498
Other Compensation	500		900	6,650	64,075	2,100		1,000	40.044	31,391	6,400
Employee Benefits Total	7.938 52.770	<u>51,969</u> 283,103	91,692 535,234	29,254 170,981	118,020 772,593	53,979 303,255	<u>82,600</u> 501,817	62,552 30,616	61,246 353,366	179,471	<u>64.413</u> 390.311
OPERATING EXPENSES											
Contracted Services	10,329	15,113	18,815	13,804	288,498	140,904	221,761	297,412	690,083	18,830	72,068
Supplies & Materials Communications	57 861	13,726 6,6 69	2,783 6,640	2,120 9,427	19,239 81,490	35,335 25,314	4,035 15,642	24 ,282 42 ,128	17,602 1,660,286	3,353 18,059	8,937 16,773
Travel	2,922	27,060	108,396	26,968	142,648	21,291	58,296	102,224	97,668	10,620	31,051
Rent	1,346	8,912	7,383	8,1 69	45,876	13,648 14,320	14,033	50,057 31	25,254	10,416	15,137
Utilities Repair & Maintenance	391	1,066 13,305	3,867	2,266	21,408	25,682	3,216	12,380	11,709	15,584	7,020
Other Expenses	4,261	22,935	52,301	28,675	783,104	36,512	112,918	50,224	113,384	29,757	98,469
Goods Purchased For Resale Total	20,167	108,786	200, 185	91,429	1,382,263	15,507 328,513	429,901	1,895 580,633	2,615,986	108,292	249,455
EQUIPMENT AND INTANGIBLE ASSET	s										
Equipment	•	21,654	30,196	297	24,200	33,031	857	17,836 6,429	74,368	8,655	1,907
Intangible Assets Total		21,654	30,196	297	24,200	33,031	857	24,265	74,368	8,655	1.907
CAPITAL OUTLAY											
Buildings						130,000					
Total						130,000					
LOCAL ASSISTANCE						250 0/5			207 225		
From State Sources Total						259,845 259,845			<u>783,225</u> <u>783,225</u>		
GRANTS											
From State Sources						16,268	71,250				1,772,145
From Federal Sources							2,018,814	7,500		9,289,000	4,543,686
From Other Sources Total						16,268	264,796 2,354,860	7,500		9,289,000	6,315,831
TRANSFERS						4,490	41,334				
Accounting Entity Transfers Mandatory Transfers						4,470					
Total						4,490	41,334				
DEBT SERVICE											
Leases Installment Purchases											
Total											
TOTAL PROGRAM EXPENDITURES	\$ <u>72,937</u>	\$ <u>413,543</u>	\$ <u>765,615</u>	\$262,707	\$2,179,056	\$1,075,402	\$3,328,769	s <u>993,014</u>	\$3,826,945	\$ 9,585,418	8_6.957.504
GENERAL FUND											
Budgeted		\$437,858					\$ 603,626 598,803	\$ 636,692 632,613			\$ 214,748 214,620
Actual Unspent Budget Authority		413,543 \$ 24,315					\$ 4.823	\$ 4.079			128
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND Budgeted	\$91,928		\$834,952	\$281,749	\$1,851,119	\$1,231,414	\$5,599,860	\$1,235,440	84,713,663	\$10,032,634	\$18,929,266
Actual	13.374		765,615 \$ 69,337	262.707 5 19.042	1,493,439 \$_357,680	1.034.920 8.196.494	2,368,254 \$3,231,606	\$ 875,039	3.826.945 8.886.718	9,585,418 8 <u>447,216</u>	6.742.884 \$12.186.382
Unspent Budget Authority	\$ <u>78,554</u>		5 69,331	<u> 17.042</u>	<u> </u>	170,474	372377333	<u> </u>		مندسي	
ENTERPRISE FUMDS Budgeted						\$ 62,083					
Actual						40,482					
Unspent Budget Authority						\$21,601					
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS											
Budgeted Actual	\$59,789 <u>59,563</u>				\$ 714,478 685,617						
Unspent Budget Authority	\$ 226				\$ 28,861						
EXPENDABLE TRUST FUNDS											
Budgeted							\$1,910,826				
Actual Unspent Budget Authority							320,378 \$1,590,448				
			•								
NONEXPENDABLE TRUST FUNDS Budgeted							\$ 151,303				
Actual							41,334 \$ 109,969			* .	
Unspent Budget Authority							- 107,707				

This schedule is prepared from the Statewide Budgeting and Accounting System. Additional information is provided in the notes to the financial schedules on pages 23 through

	Local Services - Audit \$ 569,935 154 115,653 685,742 18,115 6,725 18,071 88,142 21,380 2,592 5,468 73,137	Local Government Services- System \$ 109,615 21,512 131,127 52,306 1,642 6,540 42,611 6,819 1,131 2,364 42,689 116,102	Local Govt Assistance Admin \$75,021 13,879 88,900 581 1,175 953	8ui I ding Codes <u>Bureau</u> \$ 617,530 6,250 139,985 763,765 39,034 22,035 27,501 56,698 15,530 21,595 150,469 17,697	Indian Affairs Coordinator \$45,031 <u>9,224</u> <u>54,255</u> 2,413 937 6,246 6,567 5,403 946 5,477 <u>27,989</u>	Heelth Facilities Authority \$ 64,325 2,050 13,305 79,680 17,673 1,899 5,795 12,042 3,167 2,169 11,160	Montana Science & Tech Alliance \$ 138,173 5,000 26,942 170,115 189,439 6,283 15,940 50,140 14,868 4,966 34,151	Housing	Investince is Division 5 767,702 6,900 137,743 912,345 142,857 11,572 31,238 19,385 60,185 3,894 80,157 349,288	vide .aming Control doingu \$ 146,931 2,525 30,758 180,214 271,164 12,693 15,329 13,748 11,571 4,530 16,069	Montana State Lottery S 779,135 1,700 153,192 934,027 1,403,328 75,169 693,144 55,175 89,888 11,710 72,199 9,580,557 799,550,551	80ard of Horse Racing \$ 87,237 4,750 11,294 103,281 36,557 8,787 5,211 23,171 3,345 1,454 22,087 100,612	Director/ Management Services \$549,601 104,553 654,154 57,068 14,333 16,392 23,435 21,487 16,629 11,094	Total \$ 7,537,008 118,604 1,516,141 9,171,753 5,288,328 304,268 2,762,430 1,021,050 493,643 32,523 290,617 11,402,697 629,640 22,225,196
9,262 1,310 10,572	4,580	110.10	9,752	350,559	21,707	23,703	23,282	1,571,750	40,506 22,500 63,006	113,740	41,976	7,258 7,258	9,167	461,245 32,146 493,391
									2,605 2,605	5,122,336 5,122,336				130,000 130,000 6,168,011 6,168,011
		2,548,990					1,268,836							5,677,489 15,859,000 <u>264,796</u> 21,801,285
	43,560 43,560	86,208							3,344,764 3,344,764		8,375,894 8,375,894 996			3,520,356 8,375,894 11,896,250
\$ <u>260,481</u>	\$ <u>967,512</u>	\$ <u>2,882,427</u>	\$ <u>98,652</u>	\$ <u>1,114,704</u>	\$ <u>82,244</u>	e177 585	\$ <u>1,778,020</u>	2,286 2,286	7,021 7,021 84,679,029	\$ <u>5,761,394</u>	280,133 281,129 \$22,208,737	\$211 151	\$823,759	996 289,440 290,436 \$72,176,322
\$242,347 228,285 \$ 14,062	\$ 43,560 43,560 \$ 0	\$2,372,467 2,372,462 \$5	7.11.12	\$ 29,711 28,760 \$ 951	\$84,629 82,244 \$ 2,385	-		, <u></u>	\$ 500,000 2,605 \$ 497,395				\$ 90,503 90,472 \$31	\$ 5,256,141 4,707,967 \$ 548,174
\$ 40,000 <u>32,196</u> \$ <u>7,804</u>		\$ 321,630 		\$1,170,240 1,085,944 \$_84,296			\$3,345,000 1,705,485 \$1,639,515			\$7,602,709 5,761,394 \$1,841,315		\$240,302 211,151 \$ 29,151		\$57,521,906 35,571,752 \$21,950,154
						133,585	\$ 72,549 72,535 \$ 14	\$1,941,043 1,713,717 \$ 227,326	\$ 128,377 		\$24,797,708 22,208,737 \$ 2,588,971			\$27,137,080 24,286,573 \$ 2,850,407
	\$1,027,967 923,952 \$ 104,015	\$ 254,924 188,340 \$ 66,584	\$98,666 98,652 \$14						\$1,283,618 1,214,044 \$69,574				\$828,577 733,287 \$ 95,290	\$ 4,268,019 3,903,455 \$ 364,564
									\$ 50,000 41,776 \$ 8,224					\$ 1,960,826 362,154 \$ 1,598,672
									\$3,520,566 3,302,987 \$_217,579				:	\$ 3,671,869 3,344,321 \$ 327,548

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MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE NOTES TO FINANCIAL SCHEDULES FOR THE TWO FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1989

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Basis of Accounting

The department uses the modified accrual basis of accounting for the General Fund, Special Revenue Fund, Debt Service Fund, Expendable Trust Fund, and Agency Fund. In applying the modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded when they are received in cash, unless susceptible to accrual. Revenues susceptible to accrual are recorded as receivables when they are measurable and available to pay current period liabilities. Intergovernmental revenues received as reimbursements are recognized based upon the expenditures recorded. Intergovernmental revenues received but not earned are recorded as deferred revenues or liabilities to the respective governments.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are recorded for valid obligations. A valid obligation exists when the related liability is incurred and includes the following items which are also considered valid obligations under state accounting policy.

- If the appropriation provided funds to complete a given project, the entire amount of a service contract may be accrued even though the services are rendered in a fiscal year subsequent to the fiscal year in which the expenditure is accrued.
- Goods ordered, but not received as of the fiscal year-end, may be accrued if the purchase order was issued prior to fiscal year-end.
- Obligations for employees' vested annual leave and sick leave are recorded as expenditures when paid.

The accrual basis of accounting is used for the Internal Service Fund, Enterprise Fund, and Nonexpendable Trust Fund. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable; expenses are recognized when a valid obligation, as defined above, is incurred, if measurable.

B. Basis of Presentation

The financial schedules were prepared from the Statewide Budgeting and Accounting System (SBAS) without adjustments. Accounts are organized on the

basis of funds according to state law. The following funds types are used by the department:

General - to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue - to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Legislative appropriations are required to be spent from this fund type. This activity includes professional licensing boards as well as other boards administratively attached to the department, airport loans, local government block grant (coal tax money), highways special revenue, county land planning, local impact, banking industry regulation, building codes division, aeronautics division, video gaming, federal grants, and economic development activities such as tourism and business promotion.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - to account for accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal and interest. The department uses this fund type to account for tax moneys which are used to back bonds or to make direct or guaranteed loans to areas affected by coal mining.

Enterprise Funds - to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises -- where the intent of the governing body is that, on a continuing basis, the enterprise be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The Enterprise Funds at the department include operations of the Housing Authority, the West Yellowstone Airport, the Health Facilities Authority, the Office of Developmental Finance, the Montana Lottery, and the Montana Science and Technology Alliance.

Internal Service Funds - to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the governmental unit, or to other governmental units, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The department accounts for the Director's Office, Local Government Services, Management Services Division, the Investments Division, Business Regulation and Licensing Support, and Professional and Occupational Licensing Administration.

<u>Trust and Agency Funds</u> - to account for assets held by a governmental unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. These include Expendable Trust Funds, Nonexpendable Trust Funds, and Agency Funds.

The Expendable Trust Fund includes settlement money from the Burlington Northern lawsuit. The fund was established as a result of a trust agreement between the department and Burlington Northern. This fund also included a portion of the In-State Investment Fund which was transferred to the Nonexpendable Trust Fund during fiscal year 1988-89.

The Nonexpendable Trust Fund includes the Education Trust Fund, Instate Investment Fund (coal tax moneys), Coal Tax Loan Loss Reserve, and the BN - Geraldine Settlement.

The Agency Fund includes a consumer affairs account and receipts from horse racing exotic wagering. The horse racing money is for a bonus program for owners of Montana-bred race horses. The money is 2 percent of exotic wagers at each track; exotic is defined as any wager except for win, place, or show. This fund also includes the Short-Term Investment Pool and the Montana Common Stock Pool administered by the Board of Investments.

2. <u>ANNUAL AND SICK LEAVE</u>

Employees at the department accumulate both annual and sick leave. Employees are paid for 100 percent of unused annual and 25 percent of unused sick leave credits upon termination. Accumulated unpaid liabilities for annual and sick leave are not reflected in the accompanying financial schedules. Expenditures for termination pay currently are absorbed in the annual operational costs of the department. At June 30, 1988 and 1989, the department had an approximate liability of \$1,002,299 and \$1,006,755, respectively.

3. PENSION PLAN

Employees are covered by Montana Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS). The department's contribution to this plan was \$483,312 in fiscal year 1988-89.

4. GENERAL FUND BALANCE

The General Fund is a statewide fund. Agencies do not have a separate General Fund since their only authority is to pay obligations from the statewide General Fund within their appropriation limits. Thus, on an agency schedule, the beginning and ending fund balance will always be zero for the General Fund.

5. NONBUDGETED ACTIVITY

The department records nonbudgeted activity in its Debt Service, Enterprises, and Nonexpendable Trust fund accounts. The department does not establish budgets or estimates due to the difficulties involved in anticipating the level of activity. The Debt Service and part of the Nonexpendable Trust activity involve coal tax revenues and payments on bonds serviced by those revenues. The Nonexpendable Trust activity also includes transfers of investment income from the Education Trust Fund to the Office of Public Instruction. The Board of Housing and the Office of Developmental Finance (formerly the Montana

yEconomic Development Board) are bonding activities and account for the material portion of the Enterprise nonbudgeted activity.

6. DIRECT ENTRIES TO FUND BALANCE

- A. The majority of the direct entries to fund balance in fiscal years 1987-88 and 1988-89 in the Enterprise Fund relate to the Board of Housing's activity. The entries are corrections of errors made in the prior fiscal year.
- B. The direct entries to fund balance during fiscal years 1987-88 and 1988-89 in the Nonexpendable Trust Fund are primarily due to permanent transfers from the Education Trust Fund to the Office of Public Instruction and the Board of Regents. The 1987 Legislature authorized these transfers to provide funding for the state's share of the School Equalization Program and to provide funding for higher education. This activity was recorded as "residual equity transfers" under state accounting policy.
- C. The fiscal year 1988-89 direct entries to fund balance in the Expendable Trust Fund resulted from the department's closing the In-state Investment account in this fund and transferring the cash to the Nonexpendable Trust Fund's In-state Investment account. The transfer was recorded as a "residual equity transfer" under state accounting policy.

7. DEPARTMENTAL PROGRAM CHANGES

The Montana Agriculture Development Council, under the Business Assistance Division, was transferred from the department to the Department of Agriculture in February 1989. The department's Video Gaming Bureau was transferred to the Department of Justice on July 1, 1989 after having been at Commerce since April 1987.

8. LONG-TERM DEBT

The department's bonding activities, include the Board of Housing (BOH), the Office of Developmental Finance (ODF), and the Montana Health Facilities Authority (MHFA). The MHFA issues no-commitment debt. These bonds are payable solely from loan repayments made by health institutions and from funds created by the indentures and investment earnings. The bonds do not constitute a

debt of the department or the state of Montana and are not recorded on the accounting records. The BOH and ODF together had recorded current and long-term notes and bonds payable of \$597,189,578 at June 30, 1989. These liabilities were audited separately by a public accounting firm and the Office of the Legislative Auditor, respectively.

9. <u>SUBSEQUENT EVENTS</u>

The June 1989 Legislature, during the June 1989 Special Session, dissolved the Education Trust Fund via House Bill 28 which was signed into law in August 1989. The department then transferred the final balance of approximately \$8.6 million to the State Equalization Aid account at the Office of Public Instruction.

10. AGENCY FUND ACTIVITY

Department of Commerce had the following balances recorded in its Agency Fund.

	June 30, 1988	June 30, 1989
<u>Assets</u>		
Cash	\$ 101,797	\$ 38,259
Receivables	7,363,410	10,371,701
Other Investments	629,614,809	799,961,665
Interest Purchased	94,417	-0-
Transfers to STIP-Principal	62,353,600	58,646,000
Short-term Securities on Loan	<u>87,545,897</u>	3,303,826
Total Assets	787,073,930	872,321,451
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Payables	156,889	23,186
Allowance for Realized Gains		
& Losses	42,607,878	55,525,688
Property Held in Trust	6,330	7,870
Accountability to STIP		
Participants-STIP Units	543,011,700	534,971,600
Accountability to Montcomp		
Participants	126,981,633	134,861,807
Due to Local Governments	74,309,500	146,931,300
Total Liabilities	787,073,930	872,321,451

Of the balances presented above, \$786,922,098 in fiscal year 1987-88 and \$872,290,500 in fiscal year 1988-89 is attributable to the Board of Investments Short-term Investment Pool and the Montana Common Stock Pool. This activity is audited separately by the Office of the Legislative Auditor.

11. FEDERAL REVENUES

The difference between estimated revenues and actual revenues collected is due primarily to continuing revenue estimates for Community Development Block Grants which have carried forward from fiscal years 1985-86, 1986-87, and 1987-88. Another contributing factor is that the department received no revenue against some estimates. This occurs when projects do not begin at the time originally anticipated, e.g. the Shelby Transloading Facility anticipated to begin in fiscal year 1988-89.

12. SALE OF DOCUMENTS AND MERCHANDISE REVENUES

Fiscal year 1988-89 Lottery revenues were approximately half those of fiscal year 1987-88, the first year of operations. The department did anticipate a 32 percent reduction in revenues for the second year of the Lottery. The difference between the department's estimate and what actually occurred caused the variance.

13. LOTTERY EXPENDITURES

The lower revenue collections discussed in note 12 above directly contributed to the lower than anticipated expenditures in this program. State law directs the distribution of lottery revenues to lottery operations, prizes, and transfers to the Office of Public Instruction for further distribution to Montana school districts.

14. PROGRAM BUDGETS VS ACTUAL EXPENDITURES

A. <u>Transportation Division Program</u> - The Special Revenue Fund budget includes authority in both fiscal years for projects funded but not significantly in progress until the subsequent fiscal year such as the Transloading Facility in Butte. Appropriation authority was approved in fiscal year 1987-88 but the project was not substantially underway until fiscal year 1988-89.

The Expendable Trust Fund budget for both fiscal years includes a fiscal year 1985-86 continuing appropriation for the Burlington Northern Settlement. The moneys in this account are used to help finance operations of the Central Montana Railroad.

B. Community Development Bureau Program - Special Revenue Fund budgets for both fiscal years include continuing appropriations for Coal Board grants approved in fiscal years 1983-84 through 1986-87. These projects can take up to 10 years to complete.

C. Montana Science and Technology Alliance Program - The fiscal year 1988-89 Special Revenue Fund budget for this program included an appropriation for \$7.3 million for the Seed Capital Bonding Program. The Montana Supreme Court declared this program unconstitutional in October 1988 so there was no need for this authority.

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AGENCY RESPONSE

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

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STAN STEPHENS, GOVERNOR

1424 9TH AVENUE

STATE OF MONTANA

(406) 444-3494

HELENA, MONTANA 59620-0501

November 30, 1989

Mr. Scott A. Seacat Legislative Auditor State Capitol Helena, MT 59620

Dear Mr. Seacat:

Enclosed is our response to the financial-compliance audit of the Department of Commerce for the fiscal years 1988 and 1989.

Considering the size and diversity of the department, we are proud and very pleased at the small number of recommendations, although we will strive to implement them to the best of our ability.

Thank you for the opportunity to respond.

Sincerely yours,

Michael L. Letson, Director

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE RESPONSES TO AUDIT RECOMMENDATIONS

RECOMMENDATION #1

We recommend the department:

A. Establish policies and procedures to ensure program managers spend in accordance with their operating plans as recorded on SBAS.

B. Record all operating plan amendments on SBAS.

RESPONSE

The department concurs with the recommendation. At fiscal year end '89 the department was in substantial compliance with an approved operating plan on file in the Office of Budget and Program Planning as required by HB 2. We agree that not all approved operating changes were recorded on SBAS. The department will implement procedures during FY '90 to ensure that all operating budget changes are recorded on SBAS.

RECOMMENDATION #2

We recommend the Department of Commerce comply with state law by preparing and distributing a county collections manual.

RESPONSE

The department conditionally concurs. The department supports the preparation of a county collections manual. The department will submit a request to the next legislature for general fund resources to adequately implement the law. A previous request for funding to implement the law was denied.

RECOMMENDATION #3

We recommend the department require the licensing boards to comply with state law and set fees commensurate with costs.

RESPONSE

The Department conditionally concurs. Some Professional and Occupational Licensing Boards have fund balances in excess of the next fiscal year's operating budget. The Department currently reviews fees and recommends that boards reduce or increase fees to a point where fund balance is maintained at a reasonable level. Where necessary, the department will recommend fee reductions.

Three factors limit the department's ability to affect fund balances of Professional and Occupational Licensing (P.O.L.) Boards:

1) P.O.L. boards have final authority over setting fees. They may or may not act in accordance with department recommendations to raise or lower fees.

- 2) Fees are set by rule change in Administrative Rules of Montana. This requires at least six months lead time prior to the start of a licensing period to allow for public comment, hearings and notices. A fee change has to be in effect for a whole license year to materially affect the fiscal year end fund balance.
- 3) Fee rates are set far in advance of a license year based on the best estimate for revenues and expenditures for each board. Unanticipated changes in operations, major expenditures and numbers of licensees affect the fund balance. The department does not feel it is prudent to allow fees to drastically fluctuate from year to year for the sole purpose of maintaining fund balance for a board.

RECOMMENDATION #4

We recommend the department comply with the Section 8 reinspection regulations.

RESPONSE

The department concurs. As of the date of this audit report, the department has completed the reinspections for FY '89. The reinspections for FY '90 are scheduled and will be accomplished in the spring of 1990.

RECOMMENDATION #5

We recommend the department:

A. Record all accounts receivable for Section 8 Housing Assistance overpayments and damage expenses.

RESPONSE

The department concurs. All accounts receivable will be accurately recorded on SBAS at fiscal year end '90.

B. Provide training on the housing assistance computer system to Section 8 personnel.

RESPONSE

The department concurs. New staff training is scheduled for March 1990, with the accounts receivable recording and tracking being a fundamental part.

RECOMMENDATION #6

We recommend the department ensure correct and consistent information is included in the CDBG Performance and Evaluation Report.

RESPONSE

The department concurs. There is now a double-check on the report, as the Management Services Division is reviewing the report after it is prepared by the Local Government Assistance Division, prior to submitting the report to HUD.

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